

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

JESUS M. TORRES	:	
	:	1:11-cv-0941
Plaintiff,	:	
	:	Hon. John E. Jones III
v.	:	
	:	Hon. Malachay E. Mannion
OWNER OR OWNERS OF THE	:	
LEBANON COUNTY	:	
CORRECTIONAL FACILITY,	:	
<i>et. al.</i> ,	:	
	:	
Defendants.	:	

MEMORANDUM

October 17, 2012

THE BACKGROUND OF THIS MEMORANDUM IS AS FOLLOWS:

This matter is before the Court on the Report and Recommendation (“R&R”) of Magistrate Judge Malachay E. Mannion (Doc. 38), filed on September 27, 2012, which recommends that Plaintiff Jesus M. Torres’ (“Plaintiff” or “Torres”) complaint be dismissed. No objections to the R&R have been filed by any party.¹ For the reasons set forth below, the Court will adopt the R&R in its entirety.

¹ Objections were due by October 15, 2012.

I. STANDARD OF REVIEW

When, as here, no objections are made to a magistrate judge's report and recommendation, the district court is not statutorily required to review the report before accepting it. *Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985). According to the Third Circuit, however, "the better practice is to afford some level of review to dispositive legal issues raised by the report." *Henderson v. Carlson*, 812 F.2d 874, 878 (3d Cir. 1987). "[T]he court need only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation." Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b), advisory committee notes; *see also Henderson*, 812 F.2d at 878-79 (stating "the failure of a party to object to a magistrate's legal conclusions may result in the loss of the right to de novo review in the district court"); *Tice v. Wilson*, 425 F. Supp. 2d 676, 680 (W.D. Pa. 2006); *Cruz v. Chater*, 990 F. Supp. 375-78 (M.D. Pa. 1998); *Oldrati v. Apfel*, 33 F. Supp. 2d 397, 399 (E.D. Pa. 1998). The Court's examination of this case confirms the Magistrate Judge's determinations.

II. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

Plaintiff, proceeding *pro se*, filed the instant complaint, entailing several 42 U.S.C. § 1983 claims against 20 state officers, on May 17, 2011 (Doc. 1). On the same day, Torres filed a motion for leave to proceed in *forma pauperis* (Doc. 2),

and the requisite authorization form (Doc. 3). On August 15, 2011, the motion was terminated (Doc. 5). On July 20, 2011, two of the named Defendants were terminated from the proceeding. On September 15, 2011, a motion to dismiss was filed by the Chaplin or Chaplins at LCCF (Doc. 18).. On September 19, 2011, the remaining named Defendants jointly filed a motion to dismiss (Doc. 20).

III. DISCUSSION

In his R&R, Magistrate Judge Carlson laid out the proper standard of review for the screening of pro se in *forma pauperis* complaints pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2). In accordance with his duty under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B)(ii), the Magistrate Judge proceeded to analyze whether the complainant stated a federal claim upon which relief may be granted. Magistrate Judge Carlson provided the legal standard for a properly stated federal claim of a *pro se* litigant, and, using that standard, determined that Brett failed to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.

Treating the claims against federal officers as *Bivens* claims and those against state officers as 42 U.S.C. § 1983 claims, the Magistrate Judge observed that Plaintiff's Complaint failed to allege how any of the named Defendants were personally involved in violating his constitutional rights. He emphasized that Brett failed to even mention the Defendants in the statement-of-the-claim section of his

Complaint. In light of this, Magistrate Judge Carlson opined that the complaint failed to provide fair notice of Brett's claims and the grounds upon which those claims rested. Thus, the Magistrate Judge correctly concluded that the complaint failed to states either a 42 U.S.C. § 1983 claim or a *Bivens* claim upon which relief may be granted against the Defendants.

In dealing with the state law claims of defamation, Magistrate Judge Carlson correctly observed that only the alleged defamation that occurred in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania had any connection with this forum such that venue may be proper. Brett alleged that he was defamed by Tug McGraw's son in Pennsylvania. Specifically, he alleged that Tug McGraw's son called him gay and followed him to Harrisburg in July of 2011. Brett further alleged that McGraw and two others saw him on Broad Street and they called him gay, and that this was spread to all of the Philadelphia Phillies' players.

Magistrate Judge Carlson properly determined that such claims are not related in any way to the claims against the named defendants and the federal claims, and, as such, are not properly joined in this case. The Magistrate Judge also correctly determined that diversity jurisdiction was not properly alleged, as (1) nothing within the Complaint suggests a matter in controversy exceeding the sum or value of \$75,000 as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a)(1); and (2) Brett did not allege

the citizenship of the defendants and complete diversity of citizenship is required by 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a)(1).

Noting that the screening provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1915 require the court to grant the pro se plaintiff leave to amend his complaint unless amendment would be futile, Magistrate Judge Carlson engaged in such an analysis. Most notably, the Magistrate Judge observed that this Court offered Brett leave to file an amended complaint at the outset of this matter, and he did not amend his complaint. We agree with the Magistrate Judge's determination that such inaction indicates that offering Brett further leave to amend would be futile.

As we have already mentioned, Plaintiff has not filed objections to the R&R. Because we agree with the sound reasoning that led the Magistrate Judge to the conclusions in the R&R, we will adopt the R&R in its entirety. With a mind towards conserving judicial resources, we will not rehash the reasoning of the Magistrate Judge; rather, we will attach a copy of the R&R to this document, as it accurately reflects our consideration and resolution of the case *sub judice*. An appropriate Order shall issue.